1/5/84 35578-2

New Mexico Labor Market Review

TONEY ANAYA, GOVERNOR
EMPLOYMENT SECURITY DEPARTMENT
Imogene Lindsay, Acting Secretary
Volume 13, No.10, October 31, 1984
Prepared by
Economic Research and Analysis
P.O. Box 1928
Albuquerque, New Mexico 87103

HIGHLIGHTS

New Mexico's unemployment rate in September was 7.4 percent, up slightly from 7.3 percent in August. The number of New Mexicans unemployed was estimated at 47,000, an increase of 1,300 over the month.

New Mexico's unemployment situation has seen little improvement since this May, in contrast to the recovery in evidence throughout 1983 and earlier this year. The State began 1983 at the worst of the recession with unemployment rates at all-time high levels. After a February 1983 rate of 11.5 percent, the unemployment situation gradually improved month by month, continuing into 1984. By this May the State's unemployment rate had fallen to 6.8 percent, the lowest since mid-1981. New Mexico's jobless rate has remained in the 7.3 to 7.4 percent range since then, and the number of unemployed this September of 47,000 is higher than any month since April of this year.

Total nonagricultural payroll employment increased by 3,500 jobs this September; however, virtually all of the gain was normal seasonal movement. The government sector added a large number of jobs over the month, due to hiring at public schools, higher educational institutions, and for the State Fair in Albuquerque. Smaller increases were reported in transportation (school bus drivers), manufacturing (food processing and transportation equipment), and mining (oil & gas extraction). Seasonal job reductions occurred in several service sub-sectors, including lodging places and membership organizations (summer youth camps and employment programs).

Two temporary layoffs in September affected employment estimates in manufacturing and mining. Levi Strauss shut down its apparel plant in Roswell for two weeks during the month, resulting in the furlough of 400 workers; and Chino Mines near Silver City laid off about 100 workers to facilitate the conversion to a new furnace at its copper smelter.

SEPTEMBER SUMMARY 1/

	Prel. Sep. 1984	Revised Aug. 1984	Revised Sep. 1983	Change From Aug. 1984	Change From Sep. 1983
Civilian Labor Force	631,200	624,600	615,000	+6,600	+16,200
Employment	584,200	578,900	558,500	+5,300	+25,700
Unemployment	47,000	45,700	56,500	+1,300	-9,500
Rate	7.4%	7.3%	9.2%		

1/ Estimates of persons by place of residence.

NEW MEXICO

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT (JOBS)

(Prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics)

	Prelim SEP 1984	Revised AUG 1984	Revised SEP 1983	Change From SEP AUG 1984	Change From SEP SEP 1983
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	502,000	498,500	486,600	+3,500	+15,400
MINING	21,500	21,400	20,200	+ 100	+ 1,300
Metal Mining	3,700	3,700	4,200	0	- 500
Bituminous Coal, Quarrying and Nonmetallic Mining	4,300	4,300	3,500	0	+ 800
Oil and Gas Extraction	13,500	13,400	12,500	+ 100	+ 1,000
CONSTRUCTION	37,800	38,200	35,200	- 400	+ 2,600
MANUFACTURING	35,800	35,600	35,300	+ 200	+ 500
Durable Goods	22,800	22,700	22,100	+ 100	+ 700
Lumber and Wood Products	2,500	2,600	2,400	- 100	+ 100
Elec. and Electronic Equipment	5,800	5,900	5,100	- 100	+ 700
Transportation Equipment	3,500	3,300	3,500	+ 200	0
Other Durable Goods	11,000	10,900	11,100	+ 100	- 100
Nondurable Goods	13,000	12,900	13,200	+ 100	- 200
Food and Kindred Products	4,900	4,500	4,600	+ 400	+ 300
Textiles and Apparel	2,000	2,400	2,600	- 400	- 600
Other Nondurable Goods	6,100	6,000	6,000	+ 100	+ 100
TRANSPORTATION and PUBLIC UTILITIES	28,900	28,300	29,600	+ 600	- 700
Railroad Transportation	2,400	2,400	2,300	0	+ 100
Trucking and Warehousing	5,200	5,200	5,400	0	- 200
Other Transportation	4,500	3,800	4,200	+ 700	+ 300
Communication	7,300	7,300	8,100	0	- 800
Elec., Gas and Sanitary Services	9,500	9,600	9,600	- 100	- 100
WHOLESALE and RETAIL TRADE	118,700	119,300	113,200	- 600	+ 5,500
Wholesale Trade	21,600	21,600	21,700	0	- 100
Durable Goods	12,400	12,400	12,600	0	- 200
Nondurable Goods	9,200	9,200	9,100	0	+ 100
Retail Trade	97,100	97,700	91,500	- 600	+ 5,600
General Merchandise Stores	11,600	11,700	10,400	- 100	+ 1,200
Food Stores	14,500	14,300	13,200	+ 200	+ 1,300
Auto Dlrs and Service Stations	12,400	12,400	12,200	0	+ 200
Eating and Drinking Places	34,800	35,300	33,000	- 500	+ 1,800
Other Retail Trade	23,800	24,000	22,700	- 200	+ 1,100
FINANCE, INSURANCE and REAL ESTATE	24,500	24,700	23,700	- 200	+ 800
Banking	8,500	8,600	8,300	- 100	+ 200
Ins. Carriers, Agents and Brokers	5,500	5,500	5,500	0	0
Other Finance, Ins. and Real Estate	10,500	10,600	9,900	- 100	+ 600
SERVICES	104,500	106,500	100,900	-2,000	+ 3,600
Hotels and Other Lodging Places	11,300	11,700	10,700	- 400	+ 600
Personal Services	5,200	5,200	4,900	0	+ 300
Business Services	23,600	23,400	22,100	+ 200	+ 1,500
Health Services	25,900	26,100	25,400	- 200	+ 500
Social Services	6,800	6,900	6,400	- 100	+ 400
Membership Organizations	5,200	6,500	5,400	-1,300	- 200
Other Services	26,500	26,700	26,000	- 200	+ 500
GOVERNMENT	130,300	124,500	128,500	+5,800	+ 1,800
Federal	29,600	30,000	29,000	- 700	+ 600
State 2/	46,400	42,200	45,700	+4,200	+ 700
Local	54,300	52,000	53,800	+2,300	+ 500

1/ *Estimates include all full-time and part-time wage and salary workers who worked or received pay during the pay period which included the 12th day of the month. Self-employed, family workers, household workers and members of the Armed Forces are excluded.*

2/ *Includes other state employees working in New Mexico.*

ALBUQUERQUE AREA (BERNALILLO AND SANDOVAL COUNTIES)

HIGHLIGHTS

The Albuquerque area unemployment rate increased from 6.4 to 6.5 percent in September according to preliminary estimates. The number of unemployed stood at 16,000, an increase of 500 over the month but 2,800 less than one year ago.

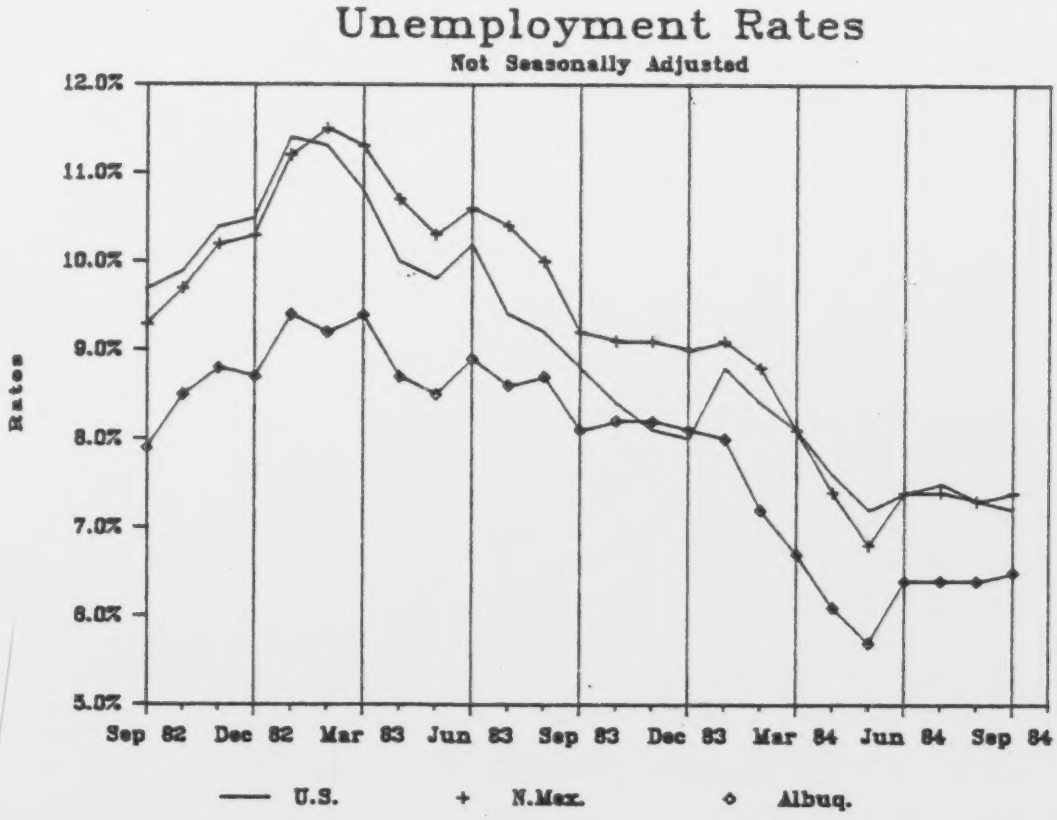
Normal seasonal changes dominated the nonagricultural wage and salary employment estimates. State government was up sharply due to the start of the new school term and temporary hiring for the New Mexico State Fair. The additional jobs in transportation were largely the result of continued hiring by school bus contractors. The monthly employment losses in federal government and the membership organizations sub-sector of the services industry were caused by the layoff of temporary summer workers. As a note of interest, the electronic manufacturing industry, which has been in a period of substantial growth, showed its first decline since July, 1983. The drop is small and largely the result of a layoff by one electronic manufacturer.

Over the year, nonagricultural employment has added 9,300 jobs. All major industries contributed to the gain except transportation and public utilities. This decrease, centered in the communication sub-sector, is mainly due to the January, 1984 AT&T divestiture.

SEPTEMBER SUMMARY 1/

	Prel.	Revised		Change From	
	Sep. 1984	Aug. 1984	Sep. 1983	Aug. 1984	Sep. 1983
Civilian Labor Force	245,300	242,200	232,600	+3,100	+12,700
Employment	229,300	226,700	213,800	+2,600	+15,500
Unemployment	16,000	15,500	18,800	+ 500	-2,800
Rate	6.5%	6.4%	8.1%		

1/ Estimates of persons by place of residence.



ALBUQUERQUE AREA (BERNALILLO AND SANDOVAL COUNTIES)

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT (JOBS)

(Prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics)

	Prelim SEP 1984	Revised AUG 1984	Revised SEP 1983	SEP Change From AUG 1984	SEP Change From SEP 1983
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT 1/	212,900	211,100	203,600	+1,800	+9,300
CONSTRUCTION	16,100	16,100	14,400	0	+1,700
MANUFACTURING	19,800	19,700	18,800	+ 100	+1,000
Durable Goods	13,900	13,900	13,200	0	+ 700
Nondurable Goods	5,900	5,800	5,600	+ 100	+ 300
TRANSPORTATION and PUBLIC UTILITIES	11,700	11,400	12,300	+ 300	- 600
Transportation	5,400	5,100	5,400	+ 300	0
Communication	3,900	3,900	4,500	0	- 600
Electric, Gas and Sanitary Services	2,400	2,400	2,400	0	0
WHOLESALE and RETAIL TRADE	53,300	53,500	51,100	- 200	+2,200
Wholesale Trade	13,100	13,100	13,100	0	0
Durable Goods	8,400	8,400	8,400	0	0
Nondurable Goods	4,700	4,700	4,700	0	0
Retail Trade	40,200	40,400	38,000	- 200	+2,200
General Merchandise Stores	4,400	4,500	3,800	- 100	+ 600
Food Stores	4,600	4,500	4,200	+ 100	+ 400
Auto Dlrs and Service Stations	4,300	4,400	4,400	- 100	- 100
Eating and Drinking Places	15,400	15,400	14,900	0	+ 500
Other Retail Trade	11,500	11,600	10,700	- 100	+ 800
FINANCE, INSURANCE and REAL ESTATE	12,500	12,500	12,000	0	+ 500
Banking	3,300	3,300	3,100	0	+ 200
Ins Carriers, Agents and Brokers	3,500	3,400	3,400	+ 100	+ 100
Other Finance, Ins. and Real Estate	5,700	5,800	5,500	- 100	+ 200
SERVICES and MINING	53,500	53,700	50,600	- 200	+2,900
Hotels and Other Lodging Places	3,300	3,400	3,100	- 100	+ 200
Health Services	12,800	12,900	12,000	- 100	+ 800
Social Services	2,900	2,800	2,500	+ 100	+ 400
Membership Organizations	1,600	1,900	1,500	- 300	+ 100
Other Services and Mining	32,900	32,700	31,500	+ 200	+1,400
GOVERNMENT	46,000	44,200	44,400	+1,800	+1,600
Federal	12,700	13,000	12,300	- 300	+ 400
State	13,800	11,900	13,200	+1,900	+ 600
Local	19,500	19,300	18,900	+ 200	+ 600

1/ *Estimates include all full-time and part-time wage and salary workers who worked or received pay during the pay period which included the 12th day of the month. Self-employed, family workers, household workers and members of the Armed Forces are excluded.*

LAS CRUCES AREA (DONA ANA COUNTY)

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT (JOBS)

(Prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics)

	Prelim SEP 1984	Revised AUG 1984	Revised SEP 1983	SEP Change From AUG 1984	SEP Change From SEP 1983
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	36,325	33,700	33,975	+2,625	+2,350
CONSTRUCTION	2,875	2,975	2,425	- 100	+ 450
MANUFACTURING	3,975	3,400	3,750	+ 575	+ 225
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTILITIES	1,250	1,250	1,350	0	- 100
Transportation	550	525	575	+ 25	- 25
Comm, Elec, Gas & San Service	700	725	775	- 25	- 75
WHOLESALE & RETAIL TRADE	7,475	7,425	6,400	+ 50	+1,075
Wholesale Trade	775	775	725	0	+ 50
Retail Trade	6,700	6,650	5,675	+ 50	+1,025
General Merchandise Stores	825	800	775	+ 25	+ 50
Food Stores	1,250	1,225	650	+ 25	+ 600
Auto Dlrs & Serv Stations	775	775	725	0	+ 50
Eating & Drinking Places	2,500	2,500	2,275	0	+ 225
Other Retail Trade	1,350	1,350	1,250	0	+ 100
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	1,375	1,400	1,325	- 25	+ 50
SERVICES & MINING	4,750	4,800	4,350	- 50	+ 400
Hotels & Other Lodging Places	575	600	575	- 25	0
Business Services	700	725	675	- 25	+ 25
Health Services	1,225	1,225	1,000	0	+ 225
Social Services	325	350	325	- 25	0
Other Services & Mining	1,925	1,900	1,775	+ 25	+ 150
GOVERNMENT	14,625	12,450	14,375	+2,175	+ 250
Federal	4,300	4,525	4,250	- 225	+ 50
State	5,575	4,625	5,575	+ 950	0
Local	4,750	3,300	4,550	+1,450	+ 200

AVERAGE HOURS AND EARNINGS ESTIMATES

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION, CONSTRUCTION AND NONSUPERVISORY EMPLOYEES

	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
	SEP 1984	AUG 1984	SEP 1983	SEP 1984	AUG 1984	SEP 1983	SEP 1984	AUG 1984	SEP 1983
NEW MEXICO									
MINING	$498.50	$476.63	$481.77	42.9	41.7	42.9	$11.62	$11.43	$11.23
CONSTRUCTION	394.83	387.55	403.21	36.9	36.7	37.3	10.70	10.56	10.81
MANUFACTURING	320.40	323.21	305.36	39.9	40.2	38.8	8.03	8.04	7.87
Durable Goods	322.40	329.67	319.56	40.2	40.5	40.4	8.02	8.14	7.91
Nondurable Gds	316.37	308.48	275.48	39.3	39.6	35.5	8.05	7.79	7.76
COMM and UTIL	446.90	443.94	406.07	42.2	42.2	41.1	10.59	10.52	9.88
TRADE *	259.04	261.28	251.34	35.1	35.5	35.4	7.38	7.36	7.10
BANKING	192.60	197.25	193.36	36.0	36.8	36.9	5.35	5.36	5.24
ALBUQUERQUE									
MANUFACTURING	$308.50	$318.74	$288.80	39.5	40.5	37.9	$ 7.81	$ 7.87	$ 7.62

* *Excludes Eating and Drinking places*

Note: Estimates include all full-time and part-time wage and salary workers who worked or received pay during the pay period which included the 12th day of the month. Self-employed, family workers, household workers and members of the Armed Forces are excluded. The average earnings are "gross" reflecting not only changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, but also such factors as premium pay for overtime and shift differentials. The work week information relates to the average hours for which pay was received, and is different from standard or scheduled hours due to absenteeism, labor turnover, part-time work, overtime work, etc.

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

STATEWIDE AREA: The Department of Commerce, Economic Development Administration (EDA), has awarded several grants for public works projects around the state. A grant of $931,000 was approved to construct water and sewer systems for the new Double Eagle Airport on Albuquerque's West Mesa. A $150,000 grant was approved for a gas line system for the industrial park at the Las Cruces airport. The City of Tucumcari received $341,400 for construction of sewer lines in a commercial area. The Mescalero Apache Tribe received $720,000 from EDA for site development of a new tribally-owned sawmill. The sawmill operation is expected to cost approximately $6 million and employ 130 workers. The Albuquerque Industrial Development Service (AIDS) received a $50,000 EDA Technical Assistance Grant to give small manufacturers around the state assistance in marketing their manufacturing capabilities.. AIDS has recently completed an inventory and assessment of approximately 125 New Mexico manufacturers who can perform subcontract work. The Southwestern Council of Governments in Silver City also received a Technical Assistance Grant from EDA to draw up a master plan for an industrial park at the airport in Silver City.

ALAMOGORDO/RUIDOSO AREA: The Ruidoso Motorcycle Festival, in its 15th year, was held September 26-29, and attendance was estimated at approximately 10,000 from around the country.

ALBUQUERQUE AREA: McDonald's is clearing ground at the corner of Bridge and Isleta S.W. for a new restaurant. The facility is expected to open by the end of the year and will employ about 75 people. The Dawn Company has started construction on the second phase of the 107,800-square-foot Mountain Run Shopping Center at the intersection of Juan Tabo and Eubank N.E. The two-level retail center will house about 40 shops, with Safeway and Revco as the anchor stores. The shopping center is scheduled for completion in December. The New Mexico State Fair, for the first time in its 47-year history, took in more than $1 million from admission, carnival, and concession revenues. An Albuquerque Convention Bureau spokesman said the Fair pumped between $6 and $9 million into the Albuquerque economy. Luby's Cafeterias, Inc. is building a $2 million, 11,400-square-foot cafeteria in the Northeast Heights. The facility will seat about 300 people, and the company is looking for a second Albuquerque location. Approximately 19,000 persons were employed at Kirtland Air Force Base in 1983. During the year Kirtland-located organizations paid New Mexico businesses about $650 million for food, supplies, equipment, services, construction, research, and other items. The total economic impact of the base on Albuquerque was estimated at $2.3 billion in 1983. The 42-year-old Base Operations Hangar at Kirtland Air Force Base will be renovated soon. The project is expected to cost about $1 million. The Albuquerque division of Sperry Corporation has been awarded an Air Force contract for the production of up to $100 million in aircraft parts. The contract calls for delivery of flight control equipment in 1986. Possible annual contract renewals could continue production through 1989. Sperry expects to add an as yet unspecified number to its Albuquerque workforce. Sperry currently employs about 1,600 people at its Albuquerque operation. K-TEC Corporation, an Albuquerque firm, has received a $15 million contract for support work in Sandia National Laboratories' particle beam fusion program. The firm currently employs about 60 people, and new jobs are expected as a result of the contract. Monolithic Memories Inc. broke ground in October on its first phase, $100 million, 150,000-square-foot Albuquerque plant. The plant is expected to open in late 1985 and employ up to 700 people. When the complex is fully developed, it will contain about 600,000 square feet of manufacturing and support space and cost about $300

million. A Monolithic spokesman said employment could reach 2,000 by 1990.

CARLSBAD/ARTESIA AREA: Currently there are seven contracts in progress at the Waste Isolation Pilot Project (WIPP) near Carlsbad with a total construction value of $24.7 million. Approximately 540 persons are employed at the WIPP site. The Furrs Sack `n Save warehouse-type grocery store in Artesia opened in October, making it the company's second store in the city.

CLOVIS/PORTALES AREA: The Clovis City Commission agreed to issue up to $5 million in industrial revenue bonds for the development of the tannery operation proposed in August by an Italian firm. The tannery, if located in Clovis, would employ 150 to 200 persons and have an annual payroll of $5 to $6 million.

FARMINGTON AREA: Employment at the Animas Mall stands at about 750 people and is expected to increase by about 250 temporary sales people by November for the Christmas season. The San Juan County Commission has approved a $45 million bid from Midcor Company of Farmington to build a 70,000-square-foot covered grandstand at the San Juan Downs racetrack.

GALLUP/GRANTS AREA: The Western New Mexico Correction Facility was in full operation on the first of November. The $19 million facility employs a staff of about 200 people with an annual payroll of about $3 million. Western Nuclear Inc. has recalled 70 workers and reopened its uranium mine near Crownpoint. Due to the poor uranium market, the mine had been closed since June, 1982. The uranium market has not improved; however, losses are expected to be less by operating the mine than by keeping it shut down. Sunwest Indian Art began business in August producing authentic Indian artwork. The company now employs about 70 people and hopes by the end of next year to employ about 200.

HOBBS/LOVINGTON AREA: Work is underway on a $337,000 expansion of the College of the Southwest's Physical Education Department. Gibson's Department Store in Hobbs closed in October, resulting in the layoff of 80 workers.

LAS CRUCES AREA: Stagewest Operating Corporation of Phoenix has proposed to establish a western town near Cutter in Sierra County which would be used for movie filming locations and as a tourist attraction. Plans call for the facility to include at least 34 buildings and cost approximately $2.5 million. Work is underway on a $650,000 shopping center project called El Paseo Plaza in Las Cruces.

LAS VEGAS AREA: Arby's, a fast food restaurant, opened in Las Vegas in early October. The business employs about 45 people. The San Miguel County Commission has approved the issuance of $5 million in industrial revenue bonds to finance construction of The Alliance for Learning Center. The center, owned by the Pecos River Ranch Partnership, specializes in conducting adult training seminars for many Fortune 1000 companies. The center, located in western San Miguel County, is in the early stages of construction. Alliance officials say that over the next few years they will recruit 100 to 150 professional, technical, and clerical workers.

LOS ALAMOS AREA: The Meyer-Hinds Company of Santa Fe has received a $244,000 contract for work at Los Alamos National Laboratory. The contract calls for the replacement of high-pressure valves and piping in three boilers. The work is scheduled to begin in November and will take about a year to complete. Rainbow Construction Company of Santa Fe has received a contract to replace a building

ventilation and cooling system at Los Alamos National Laboratory. The project was started in September and is scheduled for completion in December.

RATON AREA: A&S Construction of Canon City, Colorado has been awarded the contract for the second construction phase of the Angel Fire Airport. The contract value is about $877,000.

ROSWELL AREA: Levi Strauss laid off approximately 400 workers at the firm's Roswell manufacturing plant for two weeks in mid-September and one week in mid-October.

SANTA FE AREA: Silverado, a classic western movie financed by Columbia Pictures, will begin filming in the Santa Fe area in mid-November. The movie, expected to take three months to film, will hire several hundred extras. Plans have been announced to build a $100 million resort hotel in north Santa Fe. The resort, owned by the Castillo Corporation, will include a desert golf course, a 300-seat auditorium, a 6,000 square foot conference center, and a complete sports facility. The 200-room hotel will be built from a 1947 design by Frank Lloyd Wright.

SILVER CITY AREA: Chino Mines put their new Inco Copper Smelter furnace online in early October. The $120 million smelter modification will almost double the smelter capacity at Chino. Chino laid off approximately 100 workers for a four-week period in late September while the new smelter was being set up. Exxon Mineral Co. will close one of its two field offices in Silver City later this year, resulting in the termination or transfer of six employees. Exxon's Pinos Altos project office will not be affected by the action. Boliden Minerals has contracted with J.S. Redpath Corp. of Tempe, Ariz. for the second phase of underground exploration of Boliden's Pinos Altos mining claims. J.S. Redpath plans to complete the work by mid-1985 with a workforce of approximately twelve. Construction is scheduled to start in November on a modular home manufacturing plant in Lordsburg. Victorio Homes is expected to employ 30 to 40 workers when the plant is in operation in early 1985.

SOCORRO/BELEN AREA: Ground has been broken for the new 3,000-square-foot State Forestry office in Socorro. The structure is scheduled for completion in March 1985 and will cost about $178,000. Construction has started on a new $507,000 District II State Police headquarters in Socorro. The 3,900-square-foot building is scheduled for completion in about six months. A new $10.2 million, 45,000-square-foot educational complex will be built on the Navajo Reservation near Alamo. Construction is scheduled to begin in January 1985, and be completed prior to the 1986-87 academic year.

TAOS AREA: New Mexico Federal Savings and Loan has broken ground for its new main office near Taos. The $700,000 building will be about 7,400 square feet and is expected to be completed this winter.

****

U.S. CONSUMER PRICE INDEX
September 1984

CPI-U - 314.5
CPI-W - 312.1

(Base 1967 = 100)

CPI-U - All Urban Consumers
CPI-W - Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers

****

NEW MEXICO LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES

	PRELIMINARY SEPTEMBER 1984 1/				REVISED AUGUST 1984 1/				REVISED SEPTEMBER 1983 1/			
	Labor Force	Empl.	Unemp.	Rate	Labor Force	Empl.	Unemp.	Rate	Labor Force	Empl.	Unemp.	Rate
STATEWIDE	631,163	584,191	46,972	7.4%	624,572	578,863	45,709	7.3%	615,082	558,547	56,535	9.2%
ALBUQUERQUE AREA 2/	245,305	229,347	15,958	6.5%	242,212	226,697	15,515	6.4%	232,645	213,827	18,818	8.1%
LAS CRUCES MSA 3/	46,279	42,915	3,364	7.3%	43,552	39,945	3,607	8.3%	42,211	38,378	3,833	9.1%
Catron	1,027	928	99	9.6%	1,045	955	90	8.6%	1,036	974	62	6.0%
Chaves	25,357	23,048	2,309	9.1%	24,979	23,347	1,632	6.5%	24,688	22,768	1,920	7.8%
Cibola	11,691	10,094	1,597	13.7%	11,607	9,995	1,612	13.9%	11,657	9,827	1,830	15.7%
Colfax	6,636	6,122	514	7.7%	7,413	6,908	505	6.8%	7,123	6,040	1,083	15.2%
Curry	15,793	14,764	1,029	6.5%	15,495	14,516	979	6.3%	15,613	14,416	1,197	7.7%
De Baca	1,058	995	63	6.0%	1,043	995	48	4.6%	1,085	1,027	58	5.3%
Eddy	23,710	21,764	1,946	8.2%	23,440	21,542	1,898	8.1%	24,950	21,318	3,632	14.6%
Grant	9,711	8,567	1,144	11.8%	9,218	8,189	1,029	11.2%	10,009	8,480	1,529	15.3%
Guadalupe	1,496	1,416	80	5.3%	1,433	1,365	68	4.7%	1,597	1,458	139	8.7%
Harding	626	598	28	4.5%	618	593	25	4.0%	679	656	23	3.4%
Hidalgo	2,493	2,390	103	4.1%	2,400	2,297	103	4.3%	2,543	2,357	186	7.3%
Lea	32,104	30,772	1,332	4.1%	31,819	30,579	1,240	3.9%	32,914	30,745	2,169	6.6%
Lincoln	8,894	8,594	300	3.4%	9,476	9,150	326	3.4%	8,429	8,004	425	5.0%
Los Alamos	11,869	11,616	253	2.1%	11,836	11,593	243	2.1%	10,829	10,622	207	1.9%
Luna	5,630	5,123	507	9.0%	5,395	4,883	512	9.5%	5,454	4,936	518	9.5%
McKinley	17,053	15,297	1,756	10.3%	17,038	15,225	1,813	10.6%	18,009	15,739	2,270	12.6%
Mora	1,125	809	316	28.1%	1,064	796	268	25.2%	1,125	811	314	27.9%
Otero	15,529	14,488	1,041	6.7%	15,598	14,534	1,064	6.8%	15,121	14,006	1,115	7.4%
Quay	5,476	5,077	399	7.3%	5,379	4,993	386	7.2%	5,616	5,172	444	7.9%
Rio Arriba	11,447	9,729	1,718	15.0%	10,864	9,244	1,620	14.9%	11,168	9,477	1,691	15.1%
Roosevelt	8,362	8,046	316	3.8%	7,236	6,922	314	4.3%	8,066	7,673	393	4.9%
San Juan	36,815	32,553	4,262	11.6%	37,973	33,640	4,333	11.4%	37,261	31,963	5,298	14.2%
San Miguel	8,734	7,688	1,046	12.0%	8,766	7,674	1,092	12.5%	8,774	7,769	1,005	11.5%
Santa Fe	42,481	40,409	2,072	4.9%	43,511	41,420	2,091	4.8%	41,806	39,257	2,549	6.1%
Sierra	2,625	2,499	126	4.8%	2,551	2,430	121	4.7%	2,642	2,495	147	5.6%
Socorro	4,960	4,601	359	7.2%	4,895	4,518	377	7.7%	4,827	4,450	377	7.8%
Taos	10,666	9,065	1,601	15.0%	10,759	9,173	1,586	14.7%	10,999	9,273	1,726	15.7%
Torrance	2,450	2,251	199	8.1%	2,396	2,218	178	7.4%	2,392	2,258	134	5.6%
Union	2,515	2,428	87	3.5%	2,524	2,429	95	3.8%	2,564	2,444	120	4.7%
Valencia	11,246	10,198	1,048	9.3%	11,037	10,098	939	8.5%	11,250	9,927	1,323	11.8%

1/ All estimates are made in strict accordance with methodology provided by the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

2/ Bernalillo and Sandoval Counties

3/ Metropolitan Statistical Area - Dona Ana County